



IMX/CE 2022



IMX/CE 2022 Overview

A Brief History of IMX

Overall classification: UNCLASSIFIED

Not Approved by CUSNC

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International Maritime Exercise/Cutlass Express 2022 (IMX/CE22)

Nature of Brief

- Informational
- Info Level: Action Officer/Exercise Planner
- Source Documents:
 - -Legacy Briefs
 - —Partner Nation/Industry Inputs

Background / Actions to Date

- IMX is a biennial multilateral exercise in the Arabian Gulf, Red Sea, and Indian Ocean.
- This is the second iteration of IMX combined with the annual AFRICOM exercise Cutlass Express.
- Combining the exercises extends IMX/CE through the whole Western Indian Ocean.

Problem Statement / Issue

 Provide a brief on the planning and execution of IMX/CE22, including Invitees and Joint Exercise Lifecycle (JELC), to gain partner nation and international organization interest and participation.

Requested Outcomes

- Proposed participant units/assets
- Potential scenarios for exercise serials
- Participant requested exercise serials
 - -"What would you like to do?"

IMCMEX/IMX Exercise Review



IMCMEX (2012-2016) - IMX 2017

Exercise a Joint Maritime Force that strengthens relationships, foster interoperability among operational and supporting forces, and enhance theater capability and capacity. (2012 - 2016)

- IMCMEX trained a Multinational Force capability and readiness to maintain freedom of navigation and open Sea Lines of Communications (SLOCs) within the USCENTCOM AOR.
- The success of this mission had global economic implications.
- Maritime Security Operations Objectives
 - Exercise Command and Control as Sea Combat Commander (SCC)
 - Defend CENTCOM AOR Sea Lines of Communication (SLOCs)
 - Work with industry and utilize NCAGS to coordinate and exercise responses to threats to commercial shipping
- Use MCM Capability as Necessary to Ensure Freedom of Navigation

IMCMEX 2012



<u>Objectives</u>

- Conduct IMCMEX 12 safely.
- Demonstrate cooperation and interoperability among international MCM forces.
- Enhance mine countermeasures tactical proficiency.
- Strengthen security cooperation efforts.
- Demonstrate capability to respond to simultaneous threats.
- Exercise multi-lateral command, control, communications, computers and intelligence (C4I).
- Demonstrate airborne, surface, and underwater MCM interoperability.
- Strengthen partnership among participating countries.

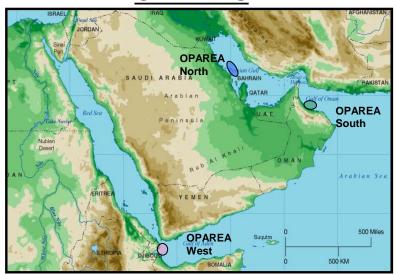
<u>Participants</u>

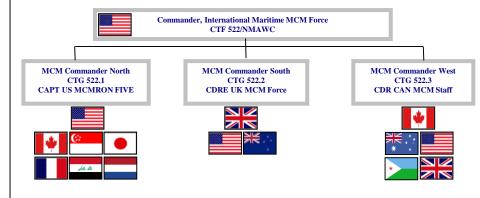
- Australia
- Bahrain
- Brazil
- Canada
- Chile
- Denmark
- Djibouti
- Estonia
- France
- Germany
- Iraq

- Italy
- Japan
- Jordan
- Kazakhstan
- Kuwait
- Lebanon
- Malaysia
- Netherlands
- New Zealand
- Norway
- Oman

- Pakistan
- Republic of Korea
 - Saudi Arabia
 - Singapore
 - Spain
- Opaiii
- Sweden
- Thailand
- UAE
- UK
- US
- Yemen

OPAREAS





Staff Officers, LNOs, and Observers



IMCMEX 2013

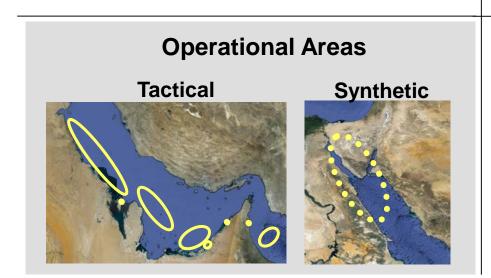


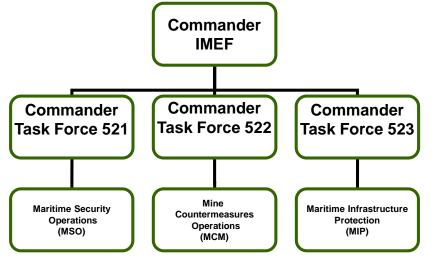
Objectives

- •Conduct a joint, multilateral, defensive exercise with an MCM focus
- Exercise a Multi-National Task Force
- •Exercise multinational mine countermeasures and support assets in MCM serials
- Conduct multilateral defense and support operations
- Conduct Naval coordination and guidance to shipping
- Conduct maritime security operations
- •Conduct a maritime infrastructure protection symposium
- •Exercise command and control of joint multinational forces
- Exercise Joint, Multi-national C4I
- Engage leadership at every level

Summary

- 40 Countries
- 7700 Personnel
- 3 X MH53E Helicopters
 - 25 flight hours
- 35 ships & vessels
 - 2 X AFSBs
 - 16 X Mine Hunters
 - 10 X Force Protection platforms
- 116 MCM divers
 - 91 MCM dives
- 17 Unmanned Underwater Vehicles (UUVs)





IMCMEX 2014



Exercise Summary

5200 military participants
700+ civilian industry participants
43 nations
36 ships
11 combined staffs
145 divers
34 civilian merchant vessels
10 Escorts /15 Boardings





Highlights

43 square NM of MCM hunt
26 square NM of MCM Sweep
10 Hours AMCM TOW
6 Hours ALMDS
56 mines found
5 ports protected/secured
3 ports opened/maintained open
20 IEDs found /14 IEDs neutralized

Unmatched in MCM, MSO, MIPS, and Industry scope and participation

IMCMEX 2015



Outline

- What: International Mine Countermeasures Exercise (IMCMEX)
- Who: 75 partner nations invited, 2 Coalitional Forces (North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) and Admiral Benelux (ABNL)) participating, 2 shipping organizations supporting, and emerging industry technologies incorporated
- When: 27 Oct 13 Nov 2014
- Where: Manama, Bahrain; Arabian Gulf, Gulf of Oman, Gulf of Aden and Red Sea
- Why: Strengthen relationships, foster interoperability among supporting forces, and enhance theater-wide MCM, maritime security operations, and maritime infrastructure protection capabilities and multinational command and control

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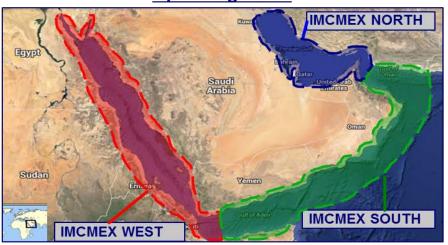
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Operating Areas



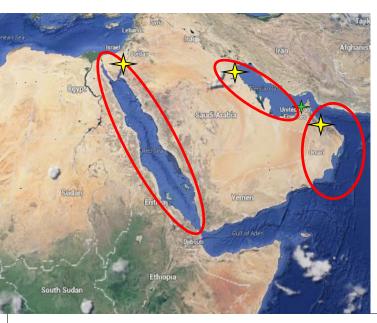
Engagement

- Key Leader Engagements: Maritime Infrastructure Protection
 Symposium (MIPS) and Distinguished Visitor Tour
- <u>Staff Collaboration</u>: International Maritime Exercise Force (IMEF) and Commander Task Forces (CTF)
- Maritime Security Operations: Visit, Board, Search and Seizure (VBSS) seminar and at-sea practical, convoy operations, Search and Rescue, and Medical Evacuations
- Mine Countermeasures: Air, Surface, and Underwater MCM operations, Mine hunting, and MCM defense
- Maritime Infrastructure Protection: Force protection, harbor clearance, dive casualty response and tactical demonstrations

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IMCMEX 2016





Total Estimated Military Participants: 3,524
Total Estimated Civilian Participants 400
Total Estimated Participants approx 3,924
VBSS Seminar – 84 Personnel
36 Warships

Industry – 12 Companies, 73 Ships offered for interaction. Industry – 13 Ships conducted interactions.

<u>Participants</u> (35 Countries)

CENTCOM: Bahrain, Iraq, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Oman, Pakistan, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab

Emirates, Yemen

EURCOM: Azerbaijan, Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Greece, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Turkey,

Ukraine, UK

AFRICOM: Djibouti, Seychelles

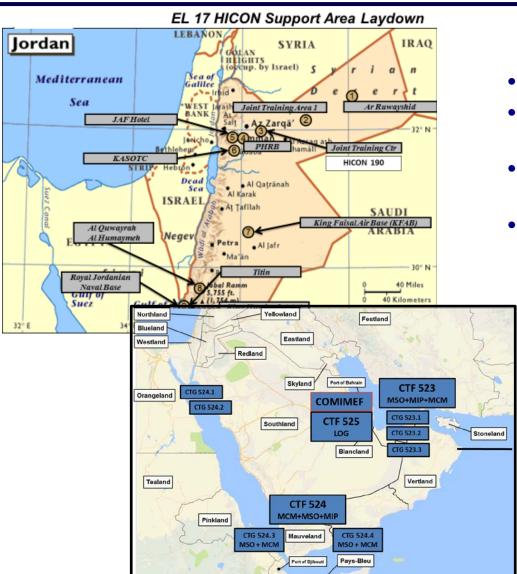
PACOM: Australia, India, Japan, Singapore, South Korea, Thailand

NORTHCOM: Canada SOUTHCOM: Brazil

Other Organizations: NATO, OCIMF, UKMTO, CMF

IMX 2017

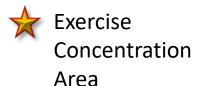




- Renamed IMX
- Focus on MSO with NCAGS, MIPS and MCM
- Switch to bi-annual exercise off cycle with RIMPAC
- CPX conducted with Eager Lion 17
 - 25 coalition partner nations
 - 80 plus participants
 - Stood up IMEF Staff

IMX/CE 19 Exercise Area

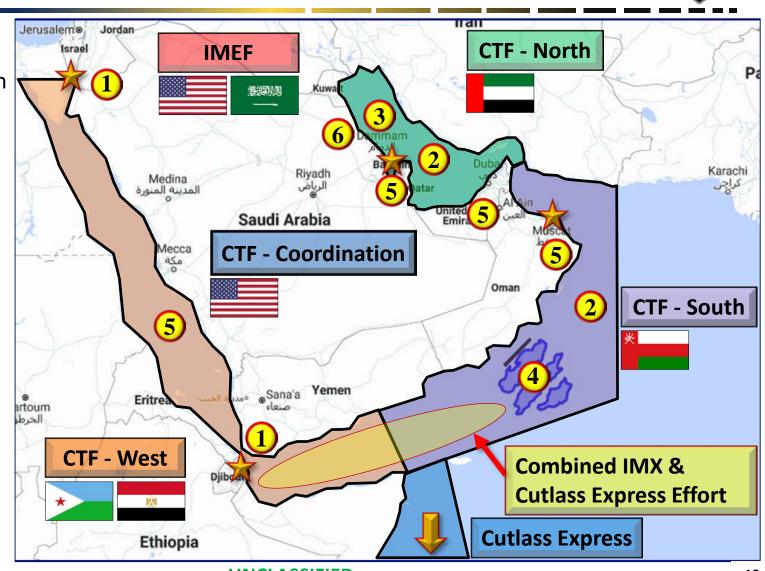




1 VBSS/EOD DIVE

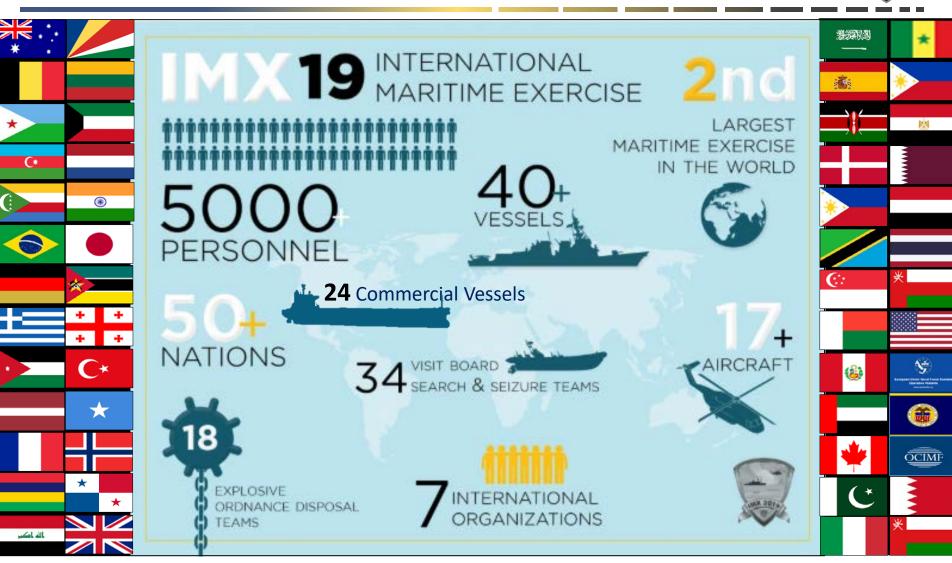
2 MSO

- 3 MCM
- 4 MIO
- 5 NCAGS
- 6 HADR



IMX/CE 19 Metrics





International Maritime Exercise/Cutlass Express 2022 (IMX/CE22)



Expected Exercise Participation

Anticipated Participation Based on Past Exercises:

- ~ 50+ Countries/7+ International Organizations represented
- ~ 6500-10,000 personnel (military and civilian)
- ~ 80+ Combined Staff
- ~ 150+ Divers
- ~ 36+ Warships and Patrol Craft + MPA
- ~ 70 Merchant Ships available for interaction

Partner Nation Maritime/Naval Operation Centers

5 Ws

What: International Maritime Exercise/Cutlass Express (IMX 22)

When: 30 Jan - 17 Feb 2022

<u>Who</u>: NAVCENT/C5F, CENTCOM, AFCENT, SOCCENT, NAVAF/C6F, AFRICOM, C2F, C3F, C4F, C7F, C10F, CMF, UKMCC, NATO, EUNAVFOR, USAID, 93 partner nations, non-governmental agencies, and commercial shipping industry

<u>Where</u>: Bahrain; Arabian Gulf, Indian Ocean, Gulf of Aden and Red Sea; Commercial Shipping tracking from Strait of Gibraltar to Straits of Malacca

<u>Why</u>: Demonstrate global resolve to maintain FON/FFC, strengthen relationships, and improve multinational coalition capability.

<u>How:</u> Exercise coordinated coalition MSO, MCM, MIP, FHA, and HEW events, including with merchant industry through at-sea serials, and coalition staff command and control processes.

Purpose

- Demonstrate to friendly and adversary nations global commitment to Rules Based International Order, resolve to maintain freedom of navigation and the free flow of maritime commerce in the IMX operating areas, and the ability to rapidly form a coalition force.
- Strengthen relationships, foster interoperability among supporting forces, and enhance theater-wide Maritime Security Operations (MSO), Mine Countermeasure (MCM), Maritime Infrastructure Protection (MIP), Foreign Humanitarian Assistance (FHA), and High-End Warfare (HEW) capabilities under multinational command and control.

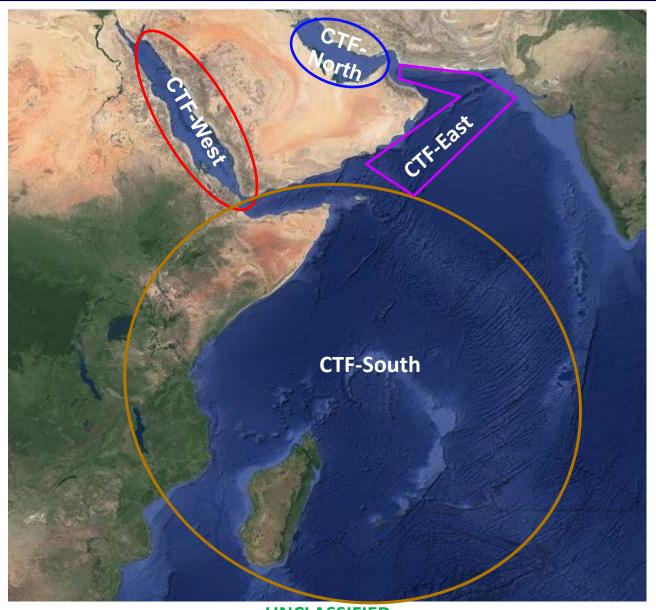
Key Planning Information

- Planning:
 - IPC: 08-11 Mar 2021 (Virtual)
 - MPC/MSEL I: 16-19 Aug 2021 (TBD)
 - FPC/MSEL II: 01-05 Nov 2021 (TBD)
- Execution:
 - Academics/CPX/FTX: 30 Jan 17 Feb 22 (IMX Geographic Exercise Areas)
 - Senior Leader Symposium: TBD



MX 2022

IMX/CE22 Areas of Operation





IMX/CE22 Exercise Objectives



Advance the Art and Science of Naval Warfare

- Increase U.S. force and partner readiness and capability
- Improve cross-CCMD fleet coordination
- Operate the force dynamically and unpredictably
- Plan and execute predictable and reliable communications

Expand Partnerships

- Gain, retain, and/or build upon footprints, agreements, access, and overflight
- Encourage Interagency, Intergovernmental, Industry, and potential NGO participation in Exercise
- Increase multinational interoperability through exercises and Key Leader Engagements
- Reinforce operations within multinational caveats
- Enhance domain awareness, and intelligence & information sharing
- Demonstrate the benefits of partnering with the U.S. as a lever promoting adherence to the Rules Based International Order
- Conduct Rule of Law Training

Demonstrate U.S. and Coalition resolve and capability



IMX/CE 22 – Mission Areas







Maritime Security Operations

- Maritime Domain Awareness
- Escort
- Maritime Interception Operations
- Visit, Board, Search and Seizure
- Maritime Infrastructure Protection
- Naval Cooperation and Guidance to Shipping
- Harbor Security
- Explosive Ordnance Disposal

Sea Control

- Surface Warfare
- Anti-Submarine Warfare
- Air Defense
- ISR
- Sustainment

Mine Countermeasures



- Surface
- **Underwater**



EOD

FHA

Foreign Humanitarian **Assistance**







IMX/CE 22 Proposed Participants



NATO Allies

Belgium Netherlands

Denmark Norway

Greece **Portugal**

Germany Spain

Italy **Turkey**

CMF

Theater Partners

United Kingdom

FVEY +France

United States

Canada

France

Australia

New Zealand

Bahrain Pakistan

Egypt **Qatar**

Jordan UAE

KSA

Kuwait

Brazil Sevchelles Indonesia Singapore

South Korea Japan

Thailand Malaysia

Philippines

LNO to CMF

Oman Djibouti Yemen

Iraq

Albania Latvia

Bulgaria Lithuania

Croatia Montenegro

Estonia **Poland**

Iceland Romania

Slovenia

European Union

European Union Military Committee

European Union Naval Force - Op ATALANTA

Key

Italics: IMX19 Participant

* Red: New Invitees

NATO Command

NATO HQ Allied Maritime Command **Standing NATO Maritime Groups**

NATO Shipping Centre

NATO Allied Command Transformation (ACT)

NATO Science and Technology Organization (STO)

NATO Centre for Maritime Research and Experimentation (CMRE)

NATO Naval Mine Warfare (NMW) Centre of **Excellence (COE)**

NATO Naval Operations in Confined and Shallow Waters (CSW) COE

Maritime Industry

MARAD - U.S. Maritime **Administration**

MENAS - Middle East **Nav Aids Svc**

UKMTO - United Kingdom Maritime Trade Operations

OCIMF- Oil Companies International Marine Forum

International Chamber of Shipping

Other Security Partners

NORTH/

SOUTHCOM

Argentina

Bahamas

AFRICOM Comoros Nigeria

* Eritrea * Rwanda

* Ethiopia Senegal

Chile Somalia Ghana Colombia

Kenya Sudan Ecuador Madagascar South Africa

Mexico **Mauritius** Tanzania

Panama **Tunisia** Morocco

Peru Mozambique INDOPACOM Trinidad &

CENTCOM Bangladesh Tobago Kazakhstan **Brunei**

Uruguay Lebanon Cambodia

> **Turkmenistan** Fiji

EUCOM India

Azerbaijan * Israel **Maldives**

Finland Sweden Sri Lanka Georgia

Ukraine Tonga **Ireland**

Vietnam

NGOs

* Red Cross * UNODC **Red Crescent** * INTERPOL

Overall

93 - Nations

7 - NATO Organizations

2 - European Union

5 - Maritime Industry

Cutlass Express Participants

Diibouti South Africa Tanzania Somalia Mozambique Comoros Kenya Madagascar Senegal Seychelles **Mauritius** Ghana

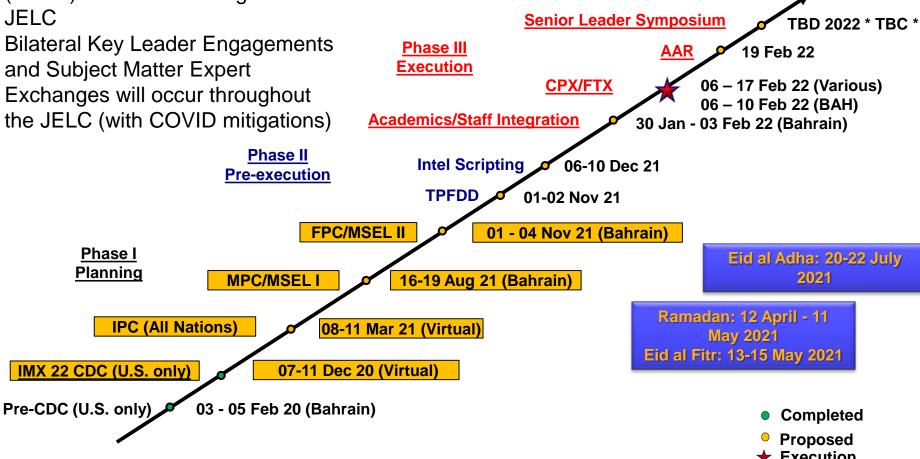
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IMX/CE22 JELC as of 08 March 2021



- Pre-Deployment Site Surveys (PDSS) conducted throughout JFI C
- Bilateral Key Leader Engagements and Subject Matter Expert Exchanges will occur throughout the JELC (with COVID mitigations)



Execution

Questions/Discussion



